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Will managing for climate variability also manage for climate change?

A southern Australian grazing system as an example

CSIRO Climate Adaptation Flagship

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National Research
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Climate Adaptation



Adaptation – how to get there from here?

- Pannell (2010) on adaptation policy in agriculture:
 - Climate change will be slow, uncertain, masked by variability
 - “At any point in time, farmers will use those practices that suit current perceived conditions ... the pace of climate change is predicted to be easily slow enough for pre-emptive action to be unnecessary...”
- To what extent do these arguments hold in livestock production?
 - Constraints on the rate of management change, imposed by:
 - Longer-term consequences on (e.g.) flock or herd structure
 - Less scope to adapt key profit drivers to seasonal conditions
- Is recent history a good guide to “current perceived conditions”?
 - If so, at what time scale?

A case study using the GRAZPLAN models

Dual-purpose Merino enterprise at Lucindale

- Self-replacing flock + 1st cross lambs
- Mediterranean climate, duplex soils
- Annual grass-clover pastures
- Confinement feeding in poor years

Simulated with the GRAZPLAN models

- Historical weather data 1970-2009
- 2010-2009 projections from ECHAM5/MPI-OM and NCAR-CCSM3 under SRES A1B
- 4 realizations/GCM
- Downscaled after Zhang (2009)
- Stochastic prices for each realization

Stocking rates & joining dates were varied



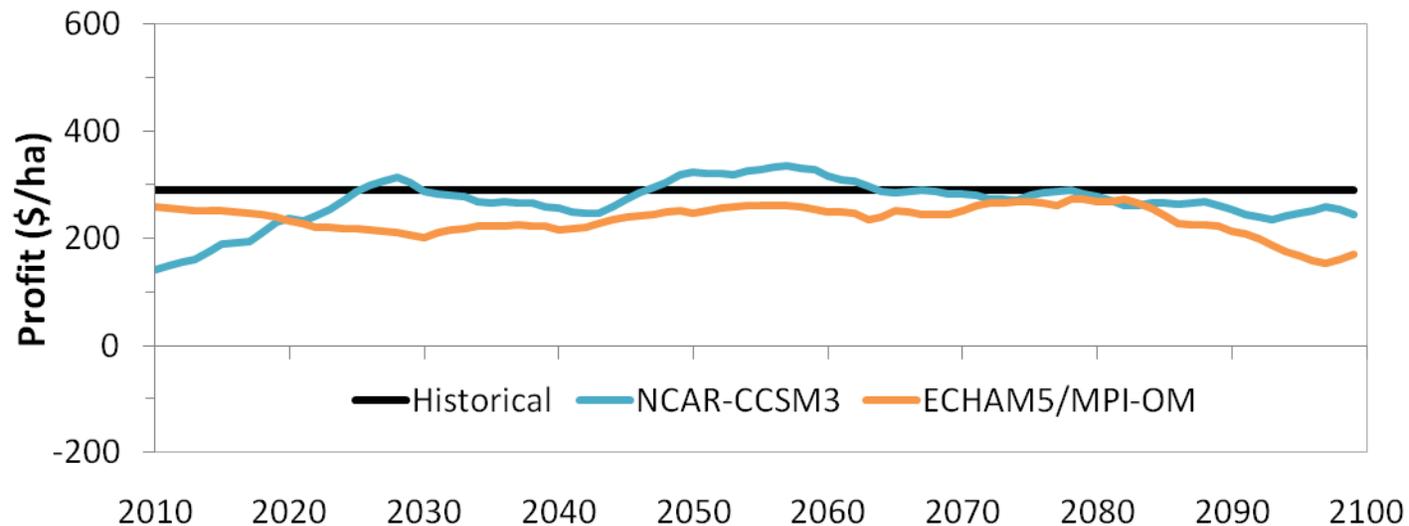
Adaptation policies

Traditionalist	Continue with the optimal policy from 1970-2009 (7.5 ewes/ha, mid-Jan)
Incremental	Each year, make a small change in either stocking rate or joining date based on the last 5 years' performance
Step-change	Every 15 years, change to the policy that would have performed best over the previous 15-year period
Forecast	Smoothly changing policy that maximizes expected performance across all realizations (i.e. using an accurate long-term forecast)

- Each policy evaluated for 2 GCMs x 4 realizations
- “Profit” here is gross margin less an operator allowance
- Risk-averse producer assumed when defining “performance”
- Conditional value-at-risk used as the risk measure

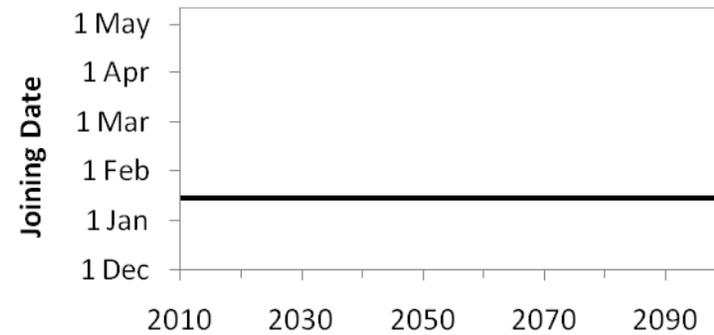
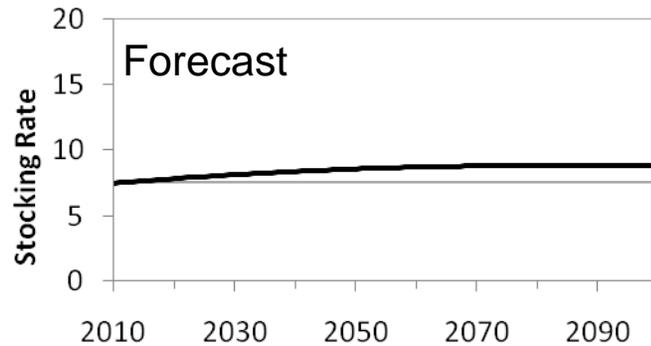
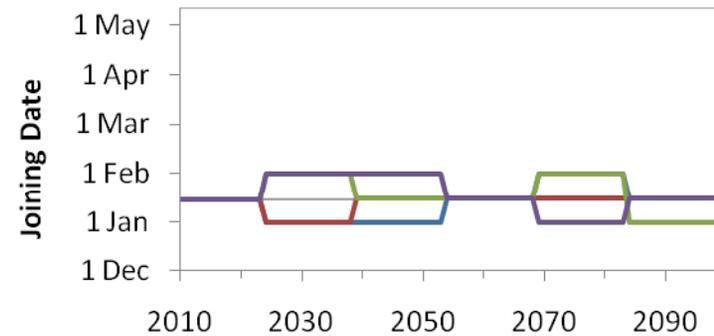
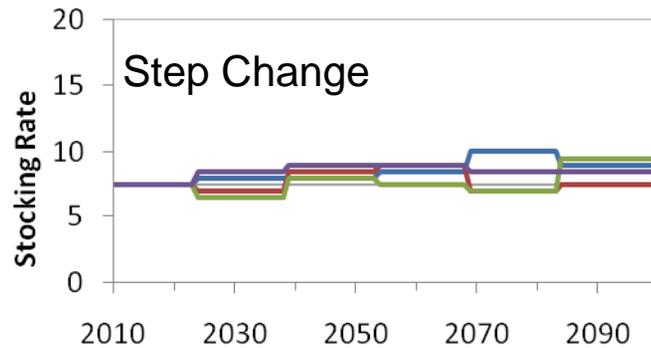
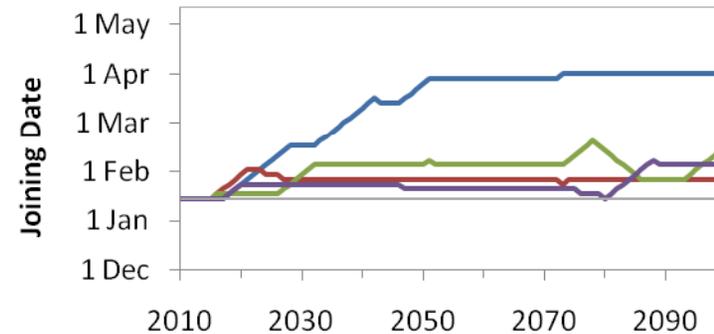
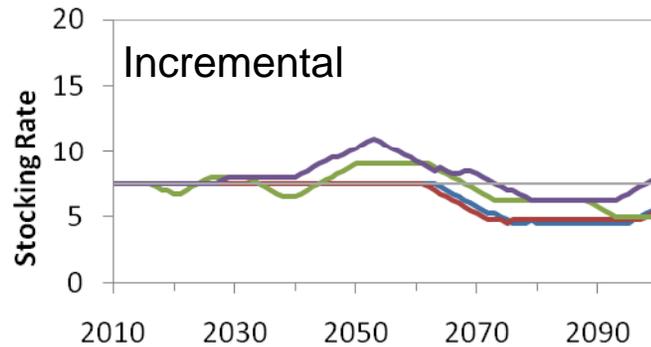
“Traditional” policy: impacts of climate change

- Comparing GCMs, averaged over realizations, 15-year running averages
- ECHAM5/MPI-OM, 4 realizations, 15-year running averages

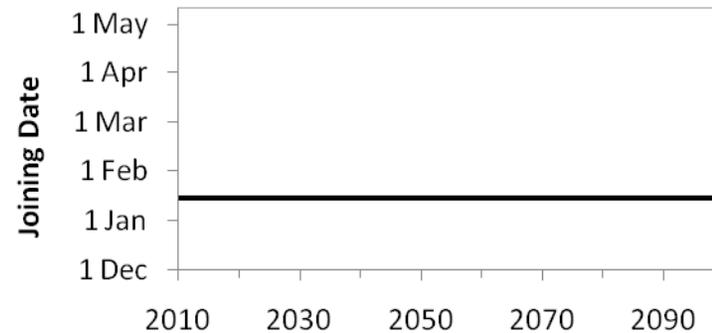
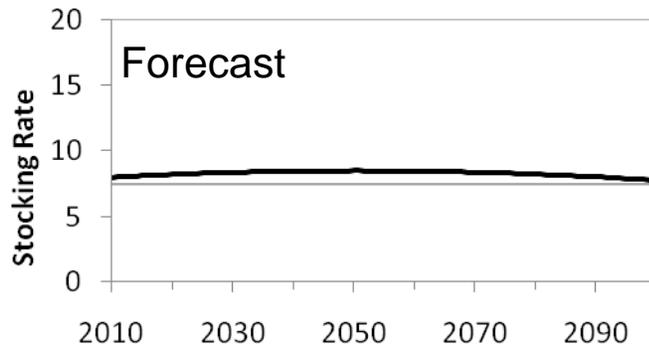
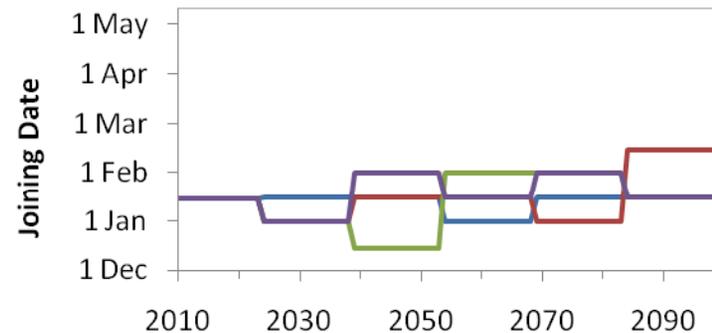
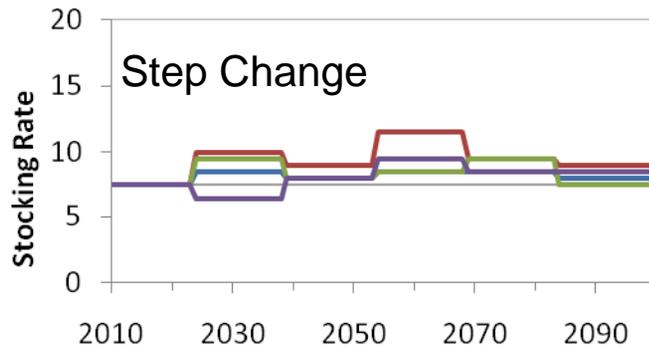
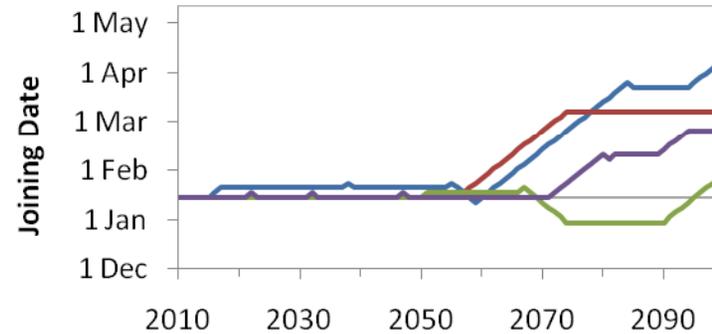
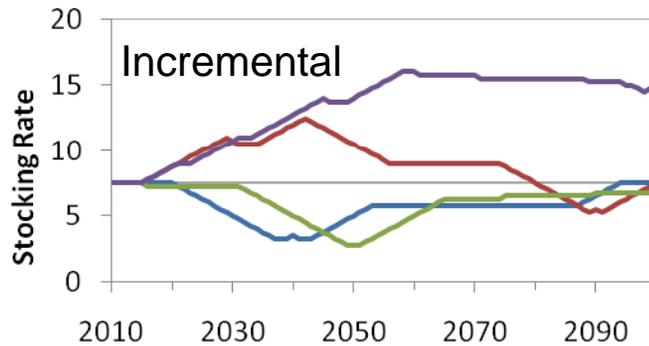


- Inter-decadal variability is a major source of uncertainty across realizations
- Expected pasture production stays fairly stable
- Clover-dominant pastures in the model (earlier in NCAR-CCSM3)

S.R. & joining dates over time: NCAR-CCSM



S.R. & joining dates over time: ECHAM5/MPI-OM



Long-run-average profit & its variability

		Traditional	Incremental	Step Change	Forecast
Mean 1970-2009	Historical	290			
Mean 2010-99	CCSM	267	242	252	262
	ECHAM5	236	265	244	250
RMSD Across Years	CCSM	76	71	70	73
	ECHAM5	63	53	77	73
RMSD Across Realizations	CCSM	107	74	95	96
	ECHAM5	96	157	120	111

Lessons learnt

For this particular livestock production system:

- climate change will be slow and uncertain
- climate change won't be masked by climatic variability
- confinement feeding is a promising adaptation

Inter-decadal variability is important

The “incremental” and “forecast” approaches may work better than the “step change” approach

- but no policy consistently outranked another over all 8 realizations
- Blend the “incremental” & “forecast” approaches?

Adaptation studies focussed on (e.g.) 2050 may need to work with ensembles of GCM realizations

- We await CMIP5 with interest...



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